ISSN 2766-7820

Clinical Image

Open Access, Volume 3

Intraosseous hydatid cyst

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Received: Jan 29, 2022 Accepted: Mar 21, 2022 Published: Mar 28, 2022 Archived: www.jcimcr.org Copyright: © Wais AA (2022).

DOI: www.doi.org/10.52768/2766-7820/1761

Keywords: Intraosseous hydatid; Daughter vesicles; MRI.

Description

Hydatidosis is a parasitic disease caused by Echinococcus granulosus or echinococcal tænia, preferentially localized in the lung (20 to 30%) and in the liver (60 to 70%). Intraosseous localization is extremely rare.

Imaging features takes a very important place for the diagnosis and therapeutic management such as ultrasound, CT and MRI.

MRI shows a large, well-limited and multiloculated cystic mass in cotyloid cavity, with daughter vesicles in hypo-intensity T1-weighted, hyperintensity T2-weighted with low diffusion coefficient and no contrast enhancement after injection of gadolinium. This mass causes a breach of cortex and extension to the adjacent soft tissue.

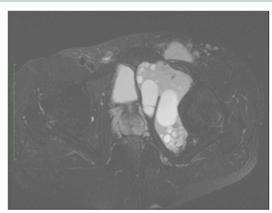


Figure 1: MRI image axial T2 FAT-SAT: Daughter vesicle in hyper-intensity T2-weighted.

Citation: Wais A, Ali WD, Rostoum S, Bakkari AE, Jrondi L, et al. Intraosseous hydatid cyst. J Clin Images Med Case Rep. 2022; 3(3): 1761.



Figure 2: MRI image Coronal T2: Well-limited cystic lesion with extension to the soft tissue.

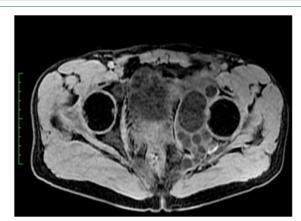


Figure 3: MRI image axial T1 FAT-SAT with injection of Gadolinium: No contrast enhancement after injection.

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